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EXAMINER

SHIN, KYUNG H

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PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/751,129	Applicant(s) NARSINH, ANEES	
	Examiner Kyung Hye Shin	Art Unit 2443	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 August 2008.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 2-16 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 2-16 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims **2 - 16** are pending. Claim **2** has been amended. Claim **2** is independent.
This application was filed on **12-31-2003**.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed **8/29/2008** have been fully considered but are moot due to new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims **2 - 16** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Crinion et al.** (US Patent No. **6,181,699**) in view of **Rimmer** (US Patent No. **6,681,262**) and further in view of **Denney et al.** (US PG PUB No. **20030061623**) and further in view of **Hussain et al.** (US Patent No. **7,161,904**).

Regarding Claim 2, Crinion discloses a switching device comprising:

- a) one or more physical layer interfaces for receiving one or more frames from a communication network; (Crinion Figure 8 (210a, 210b); col 5, ll 66-67; col 6, l 66

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- col 7, l 6: multiple ports (MACs), reception of data frames; col 5, ll 26-29:

Ethernet (network) communications of frame data)

wherein each data link layer processor comprises:

- c) one or more media access controllers (MACs), wherein each MAC is operatively coupled to a physical layer interface; (Crinion Figure 8 (210a, 210b): multiple ports (MACs); col 5, ll 66-67; col 6, l 66 - col 7, l 3: interface to PHYS, physical layer; col 5, ll 26-29: MAC (Ethernet, 802.3, network communications) transmission/reception of frame data) and
- d) a statistics acquisition module, operatively coupled to the one or more MACs, for compiling statistics on each of the plurality of MACs; (Crinion col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 52-54; col 7, ll 53-56: network management statistics, transmit statistics to MIB engine)
- e) a network processor, operatively coupled to the plurality of data link layer processors, for routing the one or more frames received from the plurality of data link layer processors. (Crinion Figure 8; col 2, ll 46-54: circuit data switch, send and receive data frames; col 1, ll 7-10; col 5, ll 17-19: routing data frames)

Crinion discloses a plurality of data link layer processors. (Crinion Figure 8 (210a, 210b); col 5, ll 26-28; col 8, ll 17-19: data link layer (MAC) processor(s), 802.3 LAN users) Crinion does not explicitly disclose data link layer processors being coupled to operate in parallel.

However, Rimmer discloses:

- b) data link layer processors being coupled to operate in parallel; (Rimmer col 3, ll

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12-15: a shared I/O subsystem coupled to each of the servers; col 3, ll 39-41: servers serviced by the shared I/O subsystem; and clustered to provide parallel processing; col 8, ll 6-14: each I/O interface of shared I/O subsystem can be configured to provide a connection to different types of networks such as an Ethernet (MAC address, MAC or data link layer processing) type network)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Crinion for data link layer processors being coupled to operate in parallel as taught by Rimmer. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Rimmer in order for a system and method to provide a shareable, centralized I/O subsystem within an existing network configuration without disrupting the operation of the current infrastructure. (Rimmer col 3, ll 5-9: “ ... *It is also believed that there is a need for a system and method that provides a shareable, centralized I/O subsystem to an existing network configuration without disrupting the operation of the current infrastructure, and in a manner that complements the incumbent technologies. ...* ”)

Crinion-Rimmer does not explicitly disclose that each MAC includes a MAC preprocessor and a MAC postprocessor. However, Denney discloses each of said one or more MACs includes a MAC preprocessor and a MAC postprocessor. (Denney para 052, ll 1-4: MAC preprocessor, MAC postprocessor)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Crinion-Rimmer where each MAC includes a MAC preprocessor and a MAC postprocessor as taught by Denney. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to

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employ the teachings of Denney in order to increase packet throughput capacity and sustain performance. (Denney para 017, ll 1-3: “ ... *Therefore, a system and method that increase packet throughput capacity and sustain performance are needed to address the above problems. ...* ”)

However, **Hussain** discloses including a traffic policer, said traffic policer adapted to execute an ingress traffic policy (**Hussain** col 4, ll 42-43: set metering and set rate-limiting policies; col 7, ll 36-39: ingress policing; col 8, ll 31-33; col 8, ll 38-41: ingress processor (transmitter)) and frame discard; (**Hussain** col 7, ll 3-5: including rate control ... dropping functions; col 7, ll 26-39: packets marked green have a probability of being dropped or discarded; this scheme may be used for ingress policing of a server)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Crinion-Rimmer-Denney for a traffic policer adapted to execute an ingress traffic policy and frame discard as taught by Hussain. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Hussain in order to perform a fair allocation of bandwidth with network packet based metering within a virtual network environment. (**Hussain** col 1, ll 33-36: “ ... *it may be desirable to meter and/or identify customers, or certain groups of customers, that are oversubscribing (e.g., using more than their allocated bandwidth). ...* ”; col 1, ll 43-49: “ ... *an improved system and method for performing metering in a virtual router based network switch ... ; a system and method for performing metering in a multi-client network that*

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distinguishes between clients and groups of clients ... ; a system and method that supports a fair sharing of communication resources....").

Regarding Claim 3, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2, wherein each of the data link layer processors further comprises one or more flow search engines for classifying the one or more frames based upon one or more properties associated with the frames. (Crinion col 1, ll 47-49; col 3, ll 26-27: assign or change priority level (property) of data frames, and priority circuit writes priority (property) information)

Regarding Claim 4, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 3, wherein one or more properties comprise a source port, a VLAN tag state, a VLAN identifier, and a VLAN tag control information (TCI) field. (Crinion col 1, ll 50-52; col 2, ll 1-3: assign VLAN tag; col 3, ll 62-64: VLAN tag, Tag Control Information (TCI))

Regarding Claim 5, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 3, wherein the one or more flow search engines comprise one or more content addressable memories (CAMs). (Crinion col 1, ll 52-54: search circuit; col 2, ll 46-51; col 2, ll 55-57: circuit: content addressable memory (CAM) and search circuit)

Regarding Claim 6, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 5, wherein the one or more CAMs associated with each of the plurality of data link layer processors consists of QoS rules pertaining to the associated plurality of physical layer interfaces.

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(Crinion col 2, ll 57-59; col 3, ll 19-23: content addressable memory stores priority information (QoS); col 1, ll 47-49; col 3, ll 26-27: set priority, determination of quality of service (QoS) for data frame(s))

Regarding Claim 7, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2, wherein data link layer processors are media access controller (MAC) processors. (Crinion Figure 8 (210a, 210b): ports, MAC (data link layer, layer 2 OSI protocol); col 5, ll 66-67; col 6, l 66 - col 7, l 3: MAC layer (data link layer) frames information)

Regarding Claim 8, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2, wherein the switching device is selected from the group consisting of: a router, a multi-layer switching device, and a switch blade. (Crinion col 2, ll 46-53; col 4, ll 45-48: circuit, switch (switching device))

Regarding Claim 9, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2, wherein the statistics compiled by the statistics acquisition module comprise ingress frame statistics. (Crinion col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 52-54; col 7, ll 53-56: network management statistics; transmit statistics to MIB engine, incoming (ingress) packets)

Regarding Claim 10, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 9, wherein the ingress frame statistics are compiled as a function of VLAN entry. (Crinion col 9, l 66 - col 10, l 2: data frame received as VLAN tag processing, packets filtered based on

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VLAN information; col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 52-54; col 7, ll 53-56: statistics for incoming packets (data frames), maintain set of MIB counters statistics)

Regarding Claim 11, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 10, wherein the ingress frame statistics compiled as a function of VLAN entry comprise: the number of bytes enqueued at the data link layer processor; the number of frames enqueued at the data link layer processor; the number of non-unicast bytes enqueued at the data link layer processor; and the number of non-unicast frames enqueued at the data link layer processor. (Crinion col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 50-54; col 6, l 9-11; col 7, ll 53-56: MIB counter statistics, counters (unicast packets, incoming packets, frames sent)

Regarding Claim 12, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2, wherein the statistics compiled by the statistics acquisition module comprise egress frame statistics. (Crinion figure (210a, 210b); col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 50-54: MIB counters for data frames, data frames sent (egress, output))

Regarding Claim 13, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 12, wherein egress frame statistics are compiled as a function of physical layer interface. (Crinion Figure 8 (210a, 210b); col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 48-54: MIB counters for data frames, data frames sent (egress, output), transmit data using physical layer interface)

Regarding Claim 14, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 13, wherein

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egress frame statistics are further compiled as a function of VLAN entry. (Crinion col 9, l 66 - col 10, l 2: data frame received as VLAN tag processing, packets filtered based on VLAN information; col 5, ll 53-56; col 6, ll 50-54: statistics for sent packets (data frames), maintain set of MIB counters statistics)

Regarding Claim 15, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2. Crinion does not explicitly disclose said MAC preprocessor includes at least one of a traffic policer, a MAC buffer, a VLAN push module, a rate buffer, and an ingress bus transmitter.

However, Rimmer discloses wherein said MAC preprocessor includes an ingress bus transmitter. (Denney Figure 2 (232b); para 052, ll 7-9: components communicate over bus 232a and bus 232b (bus 232); para 058, ll 9-12: ingress memory controller interacts over bus 232b with I/O arbitrator to receive signals)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Crinion-Rimmer where each MAC includes a MAC preprocessor and an ingress bus transmitter as taught by Denney. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Denney in order to increase packet throughput capacity and sustain performance. (Denney para 017, ll 1-3)

Regarding Claim 16, Crinion discloses the switching device of claim 2. Crinion does not explicitly disclose said MAC postprocessor includes at least one of an egress bus receiver, a rate buffer, and a VLAN pop module. However, Rimmer discloses wherein said MAC postprocessor includes an egress bus receiver. (Denney Figure 2 (232a);

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para 052, ll 7-9: components communicate over bus 232a and bus 232b (bus 232); para 057, ll 1-4: bus 232a supports the transfer of signals among components including egress postprocessor)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Crinion-Rimmer where each MAC includes a MAC postprocessor and includes an egress bus receiver as taught by Denney. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Denney in order to increase packet throughput capacity and sustain performance. (Denney para 017, ll 1-3)

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kyung Hye Shin whose telephone number is (571) 272-3920. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am - 6 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tonia L. Dollinger can be reached on (571) 272-4170. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kyung Hye Shin
Examiner
Art Unit 2443

KHS
November 15, 2008

/Tonia LM Dollinger/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2443